



PRODUCT/PROCESS CHANGE NOTIFICATION

PCN MMS-MMY/13/8202
Dated 05 Nov 2013

**M93C46, M93C56, M93C66, M93C76, M93C86 MICROWIRE serial
access EEPROM / Industrial grade Redesign and upgrade to CMOSF8H**

Table 1. Change Implementation Schedule

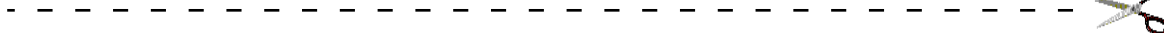
Forecasted implementation date for change	29-Oct-2013
Forecasted availability date of samples for customer	29-Oct-2013
Forecasted date for STMicroelectronics change Qualification Plan results availability	25-Nov-2013
Estimated date of changed product first shipment	04-Feb-2014

Table 2. Change Identification

Product Identification (Product Family/Commercial Product)	M93C46, 56, 66, 76, 86 prod. families/Indus. grade
Type of change	Waferfab technology change
Reason for change	Line up to state-of-the-art of process
Description of the change	Redesign and upgrade to the new CMOSF8H Process technology.
Change Product Identification	Process Technology "K" for SO8N
Manufacturing Location(s)	

Table 3. List of Attachments

Customer Part numbers list	
Qualification Plan results	



Customer Acknowledgement of Receipt		PCN MMS-MMY/13/8202					
Please sign and return to STMicroelectronics Sales Office		Dated 05 Nov 2013					
<input type="checkbox"/> Qualification Plan Denied <input type="checkbox"/> Qualification Plan Approved <input type="checkbox"/> Change Denied <input type="checkbox"/> Change Approved	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="padding: 2px;">Name:</td></tr> <tr><td style="padding: 2px;">Title:</td></tr> <tr><td style="padding: 2px;">Company:</td></tr> <tr><td style="padding: 2px;">Date:</td></tr> <tr><td style="padding: 2px;">Signature:</td></tr> </table>		Name:	Title:	Company:	Date:	Signature:
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DOCUMENT APPROVAL

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PRODUCT / PROCESS CHANGE NOTIFICATION

M93C46, M93C56, M93C66, M93C76, M93C86, 1-Kbit, 2-Kbit, 4-Kbit, 8-Kbit, 16-Kbit MICROWIRE serial access EEPROM / Industrial grade Redesign and upgrade to the CMOSF8H process technology

What is the change?

The **M93C46, M93C56, M93C66, M93C76 & M93C86**, 1-Kbit, 2-Kbit, 4-Kbit, 8-Kbit and 16-Kbit MICROWIRE serial access EEPROM product families for industrial grade, currently produced using the CMOSF6SP 36% process technology at ST Ang Mo Kio (Singapore) 6" or at GLOBALFOUNDRIES (Singapore) 8" wafer diffusion plants, have been **redesigned** and will be **upgraded** to the **CMOSF8H** process technology at **ST Rousset** (France) 8" wafer diffusion plant.

This upgraded version in CMOSF8H allows offering:

- Write cycles up to 4 millions
- Data retention up to 200 years

The new M93C46, M93C56, M93C66, M93C76 and M93C86 in CMOSF8H version are functionally compatible with the current CMOSF6SP 36% version as per common datasheet rev. 13 – April 2013, attached.

These new M93C46, M93C56, M93C66, M93C76 and M93C86 are described in a common datasheet for M93Cxx with following differences versus previous common datasheet:

- DC characteristic: I_{CC1} standby supply current:
 - Max 1 μ A at $V_{CC} = 1.8$ V (was 2 μ A for previous version)
 - Max 2 μ A at $V_{CC} = 2.5$ V (was 5 μ A for previous version)
- DC characteristic: f_c lock frequency:
 - Max 2 MHz for $V_{CC} = 1.8$ V (was 1 MHz for previous version)

Concurrent to this change, the new M93C46, M93C56, M93C66, M93C76 and M93C86 in CMOSF8H will be assembled with 0.8 mil Copper wire when packaged in SO8N or in UFDFPN8 (MLP8).

Why?

The strategy of STMicroelectronics Memory Division is to support our customers on a long-term basis. In line with this commitment, the qualification of the M93C46, M93C56, M93C66, M93C76 and M93C86 in the new CMOSF8H process technology will increase the production capacity throughput and consequently improve the service to our customers.

**M93C46, M93C56, M93C66, M93C76, M93C86,
1-Kbit, 2-Kbit, 4-Kbit, 8-Kbit, 16-Kbit
MICROWIRE serial access EEPROM / Industrial grade
Redesign and upgrade to the CMOSF8H process technology**

When?

The production of the upgraded new M93C46, M93C56, M93C66, M93C76 and M93C86 with the new CMOSF8H will ramp up from November 2013 and shipments can start from end of January 2014 onward (or earlier upon customer approval).

How will the change be qualified?

The new version of the new M93C46, M93C56, M93C66, M93C76 and M93C86 in CMOSF8H in CMOSF8H will be qualified using the standard ST Microelectronics Corporate Procedures for Quality & Reliability.

Qualification Plan QPMMY1313 is included inside this document. Following **Qualification Reports** will be available Week 48 / 2013. :

- QRMMY1320 for M93C46
- QRMMY1319 for M93C56
- QRMMY1318 for M93C66
- QRMMY1317 for M93C76
- QRMMY1313 for M93C86

What is the impact of the change?


- **Form:** Marking change (see **Device marking** paragraph)
- **Fit:** No change
- **Function:**
 - Change on DC characteristic I_{CC1} **standby supply current**
 - Change on AC characteristic f_c **Clock frequency for 1.8 V**

How can the change be seen?

- BOX LABEL MARKING

On the BOX LABEL MARKING, the difference is visible inside the **Finished Good Part Number**: the **process technology** identifier is "K" for the **upgraded version** in **CMOSF8H**, this identifier being "G" or "S" for the current version in CMOSF6SP 36%.



→ Example for M93C46-WMN6TP

STMicroelectronics	Manufactured under patents or patents pending		
	Country Of Origin:	XXXX	
	Pb-free	2 nd Level Interconnect	
	MSL: 1	NOT MOISTURE SENSITIVE	
	PBT: 260 °C	Category: e4	ECOPACK2/ROHS
	TYPE:	M93C46-WMN6TP	
		M93C46-WMN6TPK	X X
	Total Qty:	2500	
		Process Technology: "K" for CMOSF8H "G" or "S" for CMOSF6SP 36%	<u>Mask revision and/or Wafer diffusion plant</u>
	Trace Codes	PPYWWLLL WX TF	<u>Assembly and Test & Finishing plants</u>
Marking	93C46WP		
Bulk ID	X0X00XXX0000		
			
Please provide the bulk ID for any inquiry			



How can the change be seen?

- DEVICE MARKING

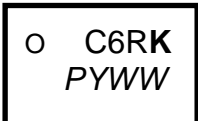
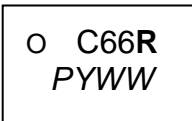
For the **SO8N** package, the difference is visible inside the trace code (*PYWWT*) where the last digit is “K” for the **upgraded version** in **CMOSF8H**, this digit being “G”, “S” or “Q” for current versions.

	Upgraded CMOSF8H (ST Rousset)	Current CMOSF6SP 36% (ST Ang Mo Kio or GLOBALFOUNDRIES)
SO8N Example: M93C46-WMN6TP		

For the **TSSOP8** package, the difference is visible inside the product name where the last digit is “K” for the **upgraded version** in **CMOSF8H**, this digit being “P” for current version.

	Upgraded CMOSF8H (ST Rousset)	Current CMOSF6SP 36% (ST Ang Mo Kio or GLOBALFOUNDRIES)
TSSOP8 Example: M93C56-RDW6TP		

For the **UFDFPN8** package, the difference is visible inside the product name: **upgraded version** in **CMOSF8H** is **C6RK**, current version is C66R.

	Upgraded CMOSF8H (ST Rousset)	Current CMOSF6SP 36% (ST Ang Mo Kio or GLOBALFOUNDRIES)
UFDFPN8 M93C66-RMC6TG		

M93C46, M93C56, M93C66, M93C76, M93C86,
 1-Kbit, 2-Kbit, 4-Kbit, 8-Kbit, 16-Kbit
 MICROWIRE serial access EEPROM / Industrial grade
 Redesign and upgrade to the CMOSF8H process technology

Appendix A- Product Change Information

Product family / Commercial products:	M93C46, M93C56, M93C66, M93C76, M93C86 products families / Industrial grade
Customer(s):	All
Type of change:	Wafer fab process technology change
Reason for the change:	Line up to state-of-the-art of process
Description of the change:	Redesign and upgrade to the new CMOSF8H Process technology.
Forecast date of the change: (Notification to customer)	Week 44 / 2013
Forecast date of <u>Qualification samples</u> availability for customer(s):	See details in APPENDIX B
<u>Qualification Report</u> availability:	The Qualification Plan QPMMY1313 is included inside this document. Qualification Reports will be available Wee 48 / 2013
Marking to identify the changed product:	Process Technology identifier "K" for CMOSF8H for SO8N.
Description of the qualification program:	Standard ST Microelectronics Corporate Procedures for Quality and Reliability
Product Line(s) and/or Part Number(s):	See Appendix B
Manufacturing location:	Rousset 8 inch wafer fab
Estimated date of first shipment:	Week 05 / 2014

M93C46, M93C56, M93C66, M93C76, M93C86,
1-Kbit, 2-Kbit, 4-Kbit, 8-Kbit, 16-Kbit
MICROWIRE serial access EEPROM / Industrial grade
Redesign and upgrade to the CMOSF8H process technology

Appendix B: Concerned Commercial Part Numbers:

Commercial Part Numbers	Package	Samples availability
M93C46-WDW6TP	TSSOP8	Available
M93C46-WMN6P	SO8N	<i>No sample for tube delivery</i>
M93C46-WMN6TP	SO8N	Available
M93C56-RDW6TP	TSSOP8	Week 50
M93C56-RMN6P	SO8N	<i>No sample for tube delivery</i>
M93C56-RMN6TP	SO8N	Week 50
M93C56-WDW6TP	TSSOP8	Week 47
M93C56-WMN6P	SO8N	<i>No sample for tube delivery</i>
M93C56-WMN6TP	SO8N	Week 47
M93C66-RMC6TG	UFD8FN8	Week 48
M93C66-WDW6TP	TSSOP8	Available
M93C66-WMN6P	SO8N	<i>No sample for tube delivery</i>
M93C66-WMN6TP	SO8N	Week 47
M93C76-WMN6TP	SO8N	Week 47
M93C86-WDW6TP	TSSOP8	Week 47
M93C86-WMN6P	SO8N	<i>No sample for tube delivery</i>
M93C86-WMN6TP	SO8N	Week 47

M93C46, M93C56, M93C66, M93C76, M93C86,
1-Kbit, 2-Kbit, 4-Kbit, 8-Kbit, 16-Kbit
MICROWIRE serial access EEPROM / Industrial grade
Redesign and upgrade to the CMOSF8H process technology

Appendix C: Qualification Reports:

See following pages

M93Cxx Redesign and Upgrade to the CMOSF8H process technology

Qualification Plan QPMMY1313 (2/4)

- The product vehicles used for the die qualification are presented in *Table 1*.

Table 1. Product vehicles used for die qualification

Product	Silicon process technology	Wafer fabrication location	Package description	Assembly plant location
M93Cxx	CMOSF8H	ST Rousset 8"	CDIP8	Engineering assy ⁽¹⁾

Note (1) : CDIP8 is a engineering ceramic package used only for die-oriented reliability trials.

- The package qualifications were mainly obtained by similarity. The product vehicle used for package qualification is presented in *Table 2*.

Table 2. Product vehicles used for package qualification

Product	Silicon process technology	Wafer fabrication location	Package description	Assembly plant location
M95160 ⁽¹⁾	CMOSF8H	ST Rousset 8"	SO8N	ST Shenzhen / Subcon Amkor
			TSSOP8	ST Shenzhen / Subcon Amkor
			UFDFPN8 (MLP8) 2 x 3 mm	ST Calamba / Subcon Amkor

Note (1) : Similar memory array using the same silicon process technology in the same diffusion fab. Package qualification results of M95160 are applicable to M93Cxx.

M93Cxx Redesign and Upgrade to the CMOSF8H process technology Qualification Plan QPMMY1313 (3/4)

- The reliability test plan related to the new M93Cxx is presented as follows :

Test	Test short description					
	Method	Conditions	Sample size / lot	No. of lots	Duration	Acceptance Criteria
EDR	High temperature operating life after endurance					
	AEC-Q100-005	400 000 E/W cycles at 150 °C then: HTOL 150 °C, 6v	80	3	1008 hrs	0/80
	Data retention after endurance					
	AEC-Q100-005	400 000 E/W cycles at 150 °C then: HTSL 150 °C	80	3	1008 hrs	0/80
LTOL	Low temperature operating life					
	JESD22-A108	-40 °C, 6v	80	3	1008 hrs	0/80
HTSL	High temperature storage life					
	JESD22-A103	Retention bake at 200 °C	80	3	1008 hrs	0/80
WEB	Program/erase endurance cycling + bake					
	Internal spec.	5 million cycles at 25 °C then: retention bake at 200 °C / 48 hrs	80	3	5 million cycles / 48hrs	0/80

M93Cxx Redesign and Upgrade to the CMOSF8H process technology

Qualification Plan QPMMY1313 (4/4)

Test	Test short description					
	Method	Conditions	Sample size / lot	No. of lots	Duration	Acceptance Criteria
ESD HBM	Electrostatic discharge (human body model)					
	AEC-Q100-002 JESD22-A114	C = 100 pF, R = 1500 Ohms	27	3	N/A	PASS 4000 V
ESD MM	Electrostatic discharge (machine model)					
	AEC-Q100-003 JESD22-A115	C = 200 pF, R = 0 Ohms	12	3	N/A	PASS 400 V
ESD CDM	Electrostatic discharge (charge device model)					
	AEC-Q100-011 JESD22-C101	Field induced charging method	18	3 (1)	N/A	PASS 1500V
LU	Latch-up (current injection and over-voltage stress)					
	AEC-Q100-004 JESD78B	At maximum operating temperature (150 °C)	6	3	N/A	Class II – Level A

Note (1) : ESD CDM will be performed on 1 lot by package (SO8N, TSSOP8, UDFPN8).

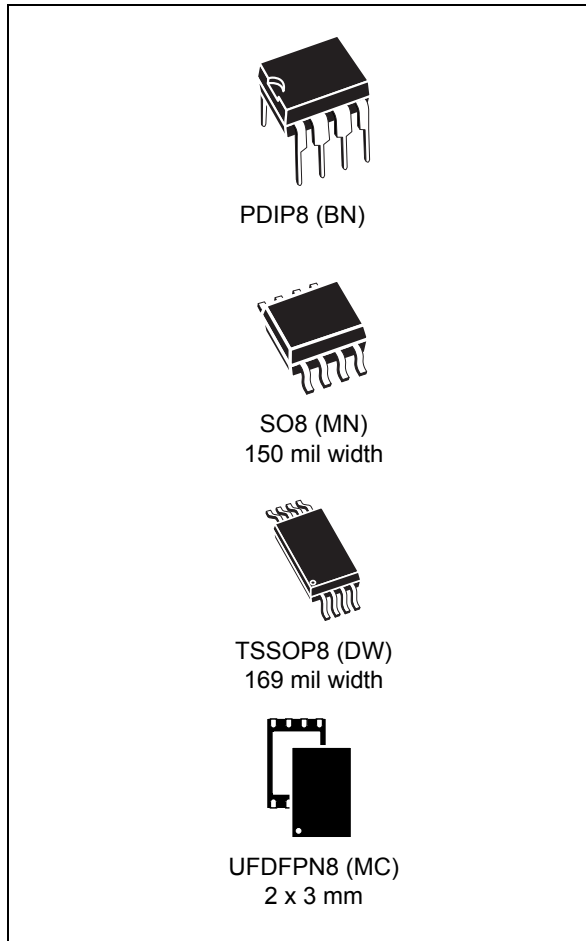
M93C46, M93C56, M93C66, M93C76, M93C86,
 1-Kbit, 2-Kbit, 4-Kbit, 8-Kbit, 16-Kbit
 MICROWIRE serial access EEPROM / Industrial grade
 Redesign and upgrade to the CMOSF8H process technology

Document Revision History		
Date	Rev.	Description of the Revision
October 27, 2013	1.00	First draft creation

Source Documents & Reference Documents		
Source document Title	Rev.:	Date:

16-Kbit, 8-Kbit, 4-Kbit, 2-Kbit and 1-Kbit (8-bit or 16-bit wide) MICROWIRE serial access EEPROM

Datasheet - production data



- Self-timed programming cycle with auto-erase: 5 ms
- READY/ $\overline{\text{BUSY}}$ signal during programming
- 2 MHz clock rate
- Sequential read operation
- Enhanced ESD/latch-up behavior
- More than 1 million write cycles
- More than 40 year data retention
- Packages
 - SO8, TSSOP8, UDFPN8 packages: RoHS-compliant and Halogen-free (ECOPACK2®)
 - PDIP8 package: RoHS-compliant (ECOPACK1®)

Table 1. Device summary

Reference	Part number	Memory size	Supply voltage
M93C46xx	M93C46	1 Kbit	4.5 V to 5.5 V
	M93C46-W		2.5 V to 5.5 V
M93C56xx	M93C56	2 Kbit	4.5 V to 5.5 V
	M93C56-W		2.5 V to 5.5 V
	M93C56-R		1.8 V to 5.5 V
M93C66xx	M93C66	4 Kbit	4.5 V to 5.5 V
	M93C66-W		2.5 V to 5.5 V
	M93C66-R		1.8 V to 5.5 V
M93C76xx	M93C76-W	8 Kbit	2.5 V to 5.5 V
	M93C76-R		1.8 V to 5.5 V
M93C86xx	M93C86	16 Kbit	4.5 V to 5.5 V
	M93C86-W		2.5 V to 5.5 V

Features

- Industry standard MICROWIRE bus
- Single supply voltage:
 - 4.5 V to 5.5 V for M93Cx6
 - 2.5 V to 5.5 V for M93Cx6-W
 - 1.8 V to 5.5 V for M93Cx6-R
- Dual organization: by word (x16) or byte (x8)
- Programming instructions that work on: byte, word or entire memory

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1 Description

The M93C46 (1 Kbit), M93C56 (2 Kbit), M93C66 (4 Kbit), M93C76 (8 Kbit) and M93C86 (16 Kbit) are Electrically Erasable PROgrammable Memory (EEPROM) devices accessed through the MICROWIRE bus protocol. The memory array can be configured either in bytes (x8b) or in words (x16b).

The M93Cx6 devices operate within a voltage supply range from 4.5 V to 5.5 V, the M93Cx6-W devices operate within a voltage supply range from 2.5 V to 5.5 V, and the M93Cx6-R devices operate within a voltage supply range from 1.8 V to 5.5 V. All these devices operate with a clock frequency of 2 MHz (or less), over an ambient temperature range of -40 °C / +85 °C.

Table 2. Memory size versus organization

Device	Number of bits	Number of 8-bit bytes	Number of 16-bit words
M93C86	16384	2048	1024
M93C76	8192	1024	512
M93C66	4096	512	256
M93C56	2048	256	128
M93C46	1024	128	64

Figure 1. Logic diagram

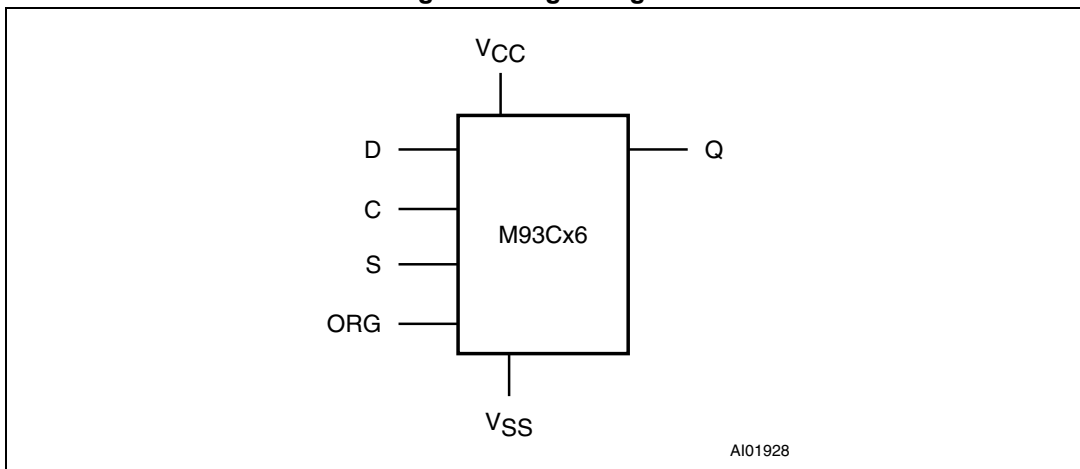
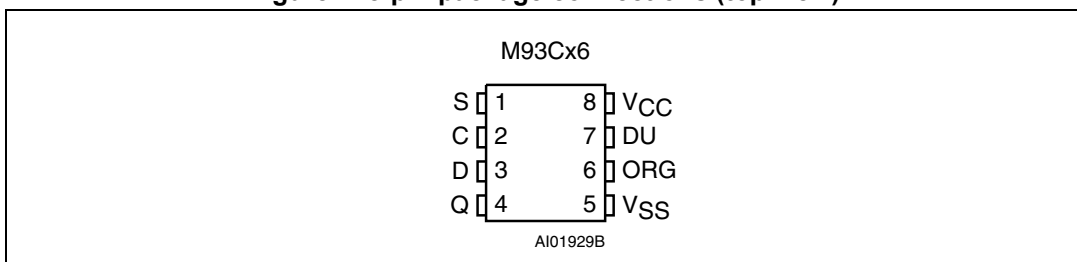


Table 3. Signal names

Signal name	Function	Direction
S	Chip Select	Input
D	Serial Data input	Input
Q	Serial Data output	Output
C	Serial Clock	Input
ORG	Organization Select	Input
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	
V _{SS}	Ground	

Figure 2. 8-pin package connections (top view)



1. See [Section 11: Package mechanical data](#) for package dimensions, and how to identify pin-1.
2. DU = Don't Use. The DU (do not use) pin does not contribute to the normal operation of the device. It is reserved for use by STMicroelectronics during test sequences. The pin may be left unconnected or may be connected to V_{CC} or V_{SS}.

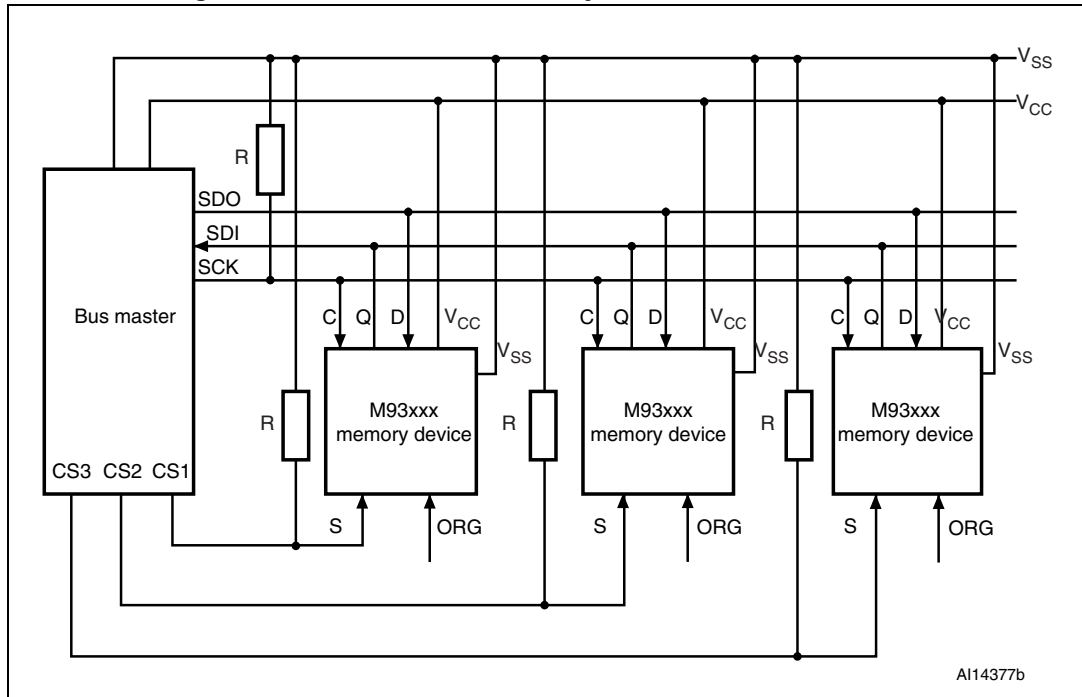
2 Connecting to the serial bus

Figure 3 shows an example of three memory devices connected to an MCU, on a serial bus. Only one device is selected at a time, so only one device drives the Serial Data output (Q) line at a time, the other devices are high impedance.

The pull-down resistor R (represented in Figure 3) ensures that no device is selected if the bus master leaves the S line in the high impedance state.

In applications where the bus master may be in a state where all inputs/outputs are high impedance at the same time (for example, if the bus master is reset during the transmission of an instruction), the clock line (C) must be connected to an external pull-down resistor so that, if all inputs/outputs become high impedance, the C line is pulled low (while the S line is pulled low): this ensures that C does not become high at the same time as S goes low, and so, that the t_{SLCH} requirement is met. The typical value of R is 100 kΩ.

Figure 3. Bus master and memory devices on the serial bus



3 Operating features

3.1 Supply voltage (V_{CC})

3.1.1 Operating supply voltage (V_{CC})

Prior to selecting the memory and issuing instructions to it, a valid and stable V_{CC} voltage within the specified [$V_{CC}(\min)$, $V_{CC}(\max)$] range must be applied. In order to secure a stable DC supply voltage, it is recommended to decouple the V_{CC} line with a suitable capacitor (usually of the order of 10 nF to 100 nF) close to the V_{CC}/V_{SS} package pins.

This voltage must remain stable and valid until the end of the transmission of the instruction and, for a Write instruction, until the completion of the internal write cycle (t_W).

3.1.2 Power-up conditions

When the power supply is turned on, V_{CC} rises from V_{SS} to V_{CC} . During this time, the Chip Select (S) line is not allowed to float and should be driven to V_{SS} , it is therefore recommended to connect the S line to V_{SS} via a suitable pull-down resistor.

The V_{CC} rise time must not vary faster than 1 V/ μ s.

3.1.3 Power-up and device reset

In order to prevent inadvertent Write operations during power-up, a power on reset (POR) circuit is included. At power-up (continuous rise of V_{CC}), the device does not respond to any instruction until V_{CC} has reached the power on reset threshold voltage (this threshold is lower than the minimum V_{CC} operating voltage defined in Operating conditions, in [Section 10: DC and AC parameters](#)).

When V_{CC} passes the POR threshold, the device is reset and is in the following state:

- Standby Power mode
- deselected (assuming that there is a pull-down resistor on the S line)

3.1.4 Power-down

At power-down (continuous decrease in V_{CC}), as soon as V_{CC} drops from the normal operating voltage to below the power on reset threshold voltage, the device stops responding to any instruction sent to it.

During power-down, the device must be deselected and in the Standby Power mode (that is, there should be no internal Write cycle in progress).

4 Memory organization

The M93Cx6 memory is organized either as bytes (x8) or as words (x16). If Organization Select (ORG) is left unconnected (or connected to V_{CC}) the x16 organization is selected; when Organization Select (ORG) is connected to Ground (V_{SS}) the x8 organization is selected. When the M93Cx6 is in Standby mode, Organization Select (ORG) should be set either to V_{SS} or V_{CC} for minimum power consumption. Any voltage between V_{SS} and V_{CC} applied to Organization Select (ORG) may increase the Standby current.

5 Instructions

The instruction set of the M93Cx6 devices contains seven instructions, as summarized in [Table 4](#) to [Table 6](#). Each instruction consists of the following parts, as shown in [Figure 4: READ, WRITE, WEN, WDS sequences](#):

- Each instruction is preceded by a rising edge on Chip Select Input (S) with Serial Clock (C) being held low.
- A start bit, which is the first '1' read on Serial Data Input (D) during the rising edge of Serial Clock (C).
- Two op-code bits, read on Serial Data Input (D) during the rising edge of Serial Clock (C). (Some instructions also use the first two bits of the address to define the op-code).
- The address bits of the byte or word that is to be accessed. For the M93C46, the address is made up of 6 bits for the x16 organization or 7 bits for the x8 organization (see [Table 4](#)). For the M93C56 and M93C66, the address is made up of 8 bits for the x16 organization or 9 bits for the x8 organization (see [Table 5](#)). For the M93C76 and M93C86, the address is made up of 10 bits for the x16 organization or 11 bits for the x8 organization (see [Table 6](#)).

The M93Cx6 devices are fabricated in CMOS technology and are therefore able to run as slow as 0 Hz (static input signals) or as fast as the maximum ratings specified in "AC characteristics" tables, in [Section 10: DC and AC parameters](#).

Table 4. Instruction set for the M93C46

Instruction	Description	Start bit	Op-code	x8 origination (ORG = 0)			x16 origination (ORG = 1)		
				Address (1)	Data	Required clock cycles	Address (1)	Data	Required clock cycles
READ	Read Data from Memory	1	10	A6-A0	Q7-Q0		A5-A0	Q15-Q0	
WRITE	Write Data to Memory	1	01	A6-A0	D7-D0	18	A5-A0	D15-D0	25
WEN	Write Enable	1	00	11X XXXX		10	11 XXXX		9
WDS	Write Disable	1	00	00X XXXX		10	00 XXXX		9
ERASE	Erase Byte or Word	1	11	A6-A0		10	A5-A0		9
ERAL	Erase All Memory	1	00	10X XXXX		10	10 XXXX		9
WRAL	Write All Memory with same Data	1	00	01X XXXX	D7-D0	18	01 XXXX	D15-D0	25

1. X = Don't Care bit.

Table 5. Instruction set for the M93C56 and M93C66

Instruction	Description	Start bit	Op-code	x8 origination (ORG = 0)			x16 origination (ORG = 1)		
				Address (1) (2)	Data	Required clock cycles	Address (1) (3)	Data	Required clock cycles
READ	Read Data from Memory	1	10	A8-A0	Q7-Q0		A7-A0	Q15-Q0	
WRITE	Write Data to Memory	1	01	A8-A0	D7-D0	20	A7-A0	D15-D0	27
WEN	Write Enable	1	00	1 1XXX XXXX		12	11XX XXXX		11
WDS	Write Disable	1	00	0 0XXX XXXX		12	00XX XXXX		11
ERASE	Erase Byte or Word	1	11	A8-A0		12	A7-A0		11
ERAL	Erase All Memory	1	00	1 0XXX XXXX		12	10XX XXXX		11
WRAL	Write All Memory with same Data	1	00	0 1XXX XXXX	D7-D0	20	01XX XXXX	D15-D0	27

1. X = Don't Care bit.
2. Address bit A8 is not decoded by the M93C56.
3. Address bit A7 is not decoded by the M93C56.

Table 6. Instruction set for the M93C76 and M93C86

Instruction	Description	Start bit	Op-code	x8 Origination (ORG = 0)			x16 Origination (ORG = 1)		
				Address (1), (2)	Data	Required clock cycles	Address (1) (3)	Data	Required clock cycles
READ	Read Data from Memory	1	10	A10-A0	Q7-Q0		A9-A0	Q15-Q0	
WRITE	Write Data to Memory	1	01	A10-A0	D7-D0	22	A9-A0	D15-D0	29
WEN	Write Enable	1	00	11X XXXX XXXX		14	11 XXXX XXXX		13
WDS	Write Disable	1	00	00X XXXX XXXX		14	00 XXXX XXXX		13
ERASE	Erase Byte or Word	1	11	A10-A0		14	A9-A0		13
ERAL	Erase All Memory	1	00	10X XXXX XXXX		14	10 XXXX XXXX		13
WRAL	Write All Memory with same Data	1	00	01X XXXX XXXX	D7-D0	22	01 XXXX XXXX	D15-D0	29

1. X = Don't Care bit.
2. Address bit A10 is not decoded by the M93C76.
3. Address bit A9 is not decoded by the M93C76.

5.1 Read Data from Memory

The Read Data from Memory (READ) instruction outputs data on Serial Data Output (Q). When the instruction is received, the op-code and address are decoded, and the data from the memory is transferred to an output shift register. A dummy 0 bit is output first, followed by the 8-bit byte or 16-bit word, with the most significant bit first. Output data changes are triggered by the rising edge of Serial Clock (C). The M93Cx6 automatically increments the internal address register and clocks out the next byte (or word) as long as the Chip Select Input (S) is held High. In this case, the dummy 0 bit is *not* output between bytes (or words) and a continuous stream of data can be read (the address counter automatically rolls over to 00h when the highest address is reached).

5.2 Erase and Write data

5.2.1 Write Enable and Write Disable

The Write Enable (WEN) instruction enables the future execution of erase or write instructions, and the Write Disable (WDS) instruction disables it. When power is first applied, the M93Cx6 initializes itself so that erase and write instructions are disabled. After a Write Enable (WEN) instruction has been executed, erasing and writing remains enabled until a Write Disable (WDS) instruction is executed, or until V_{CC} falls below the power-on reset threshold voltage. To protect the memory contents from accidental corruption, it is advisable to issue the Write Disable (WDS) instruction after every write cycle. The Read Data from Memory (READ) instruction is not affected by the Write Enable (WEN) or Write Disable (WDS) instructions.

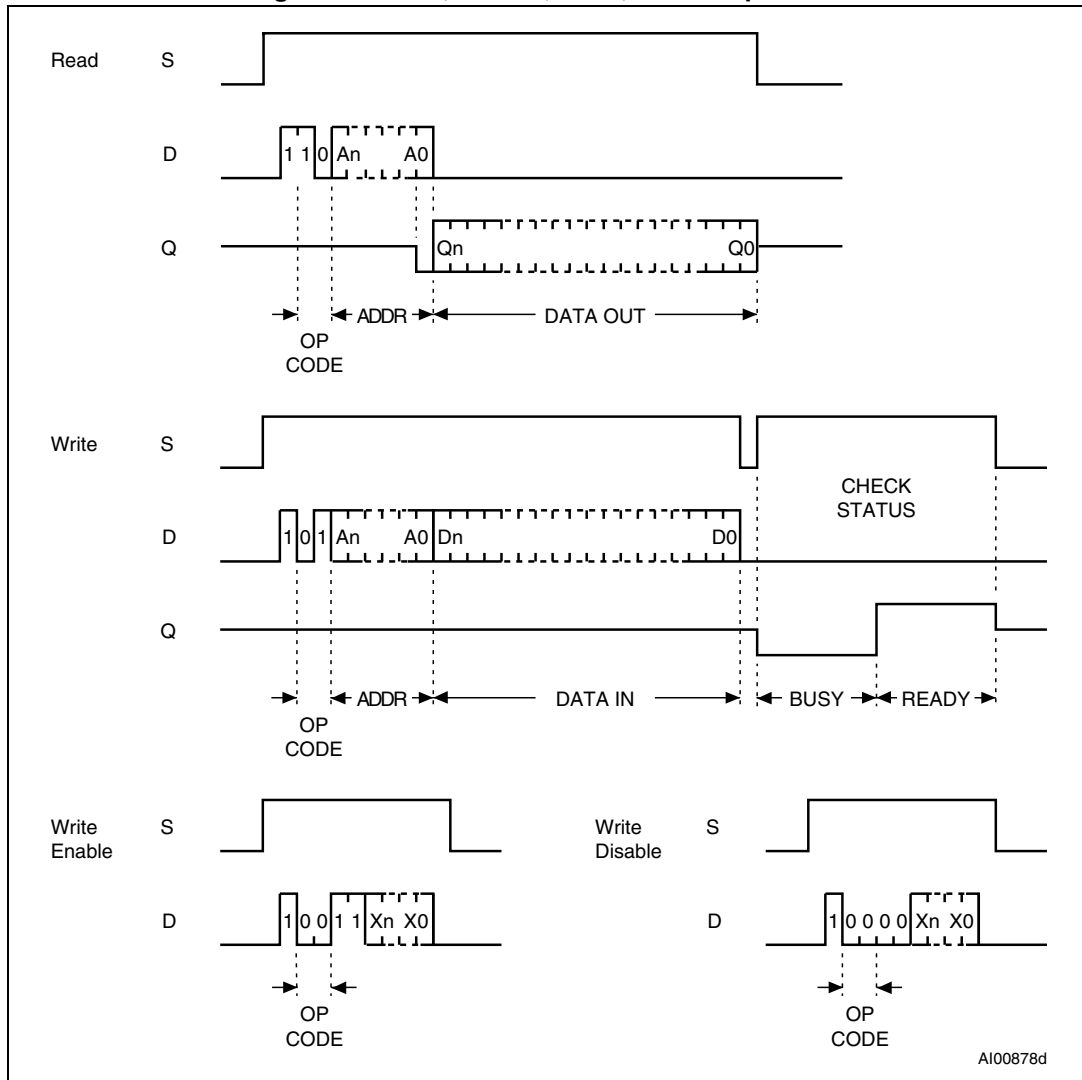
5.2.2 Write

For the Write Data to Memory (WRITE) instruction, 8 or 16 data bits follow the op-code and address bits. These form the byte or word that is to be written. As with the other bits, Serial Data Input (D) is sampled on the rising edge of Serial Clock (C).

After the last data bit has been sampled, the Chip Select Input (S) must be taken low before the next rising edge of Serial Clock (C). If Chip Select Input (S) is brought low before or after this specific time frame, the self-timed programming cycle will not be started, and the addressed location will *not* be programmed. The completion of the cycle can be detected by monitoring the READY/BUSY line, as described later in this document.

Once the Write cycle has been started, it is internally self-timed (the external clock signal on Serial Clock (C) may be stopped or left running after the start of a Write cycle). The Write cycle is automatically preceded by an Erase cycle, so it is unnecessary to execute an explicit erase instruction before a Write Data to Memory (WRITE) instruction.

Figure 4. READ, WRITE, WEN, WDS sequences

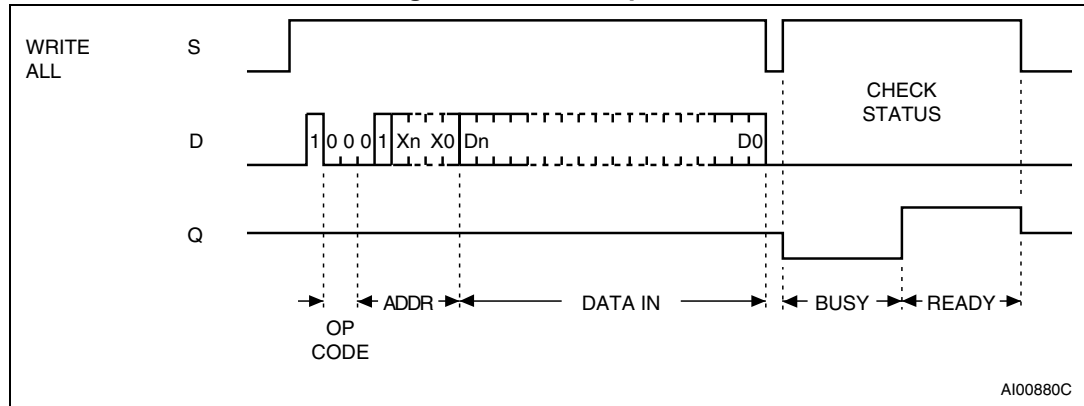


1. For the meanings of An, Xn, Qn and Dn, see [Table 4](#), [Table 5](#) and [Table 6](#).

5.2.3 Write All

As with the Erase All Memory (ERAL) instruction, the format of the Write All Memory with same Data (WRAL) instruction requires that a dummy address be provided. As with the Write Data to Memory (WRITE) instruction, the format of the Write All Memory with same Data (WRAL) instruction requires that an 8-bit data byte, or 16-bit data word, be provided. This value is written to all the addresses of the memory device. The completion of the cycle can be detected by monitoring the $\overline{\text{READY}}/\overline{\text{BUSY}}$ line, as described next.

Figure 5. WRAL sequence

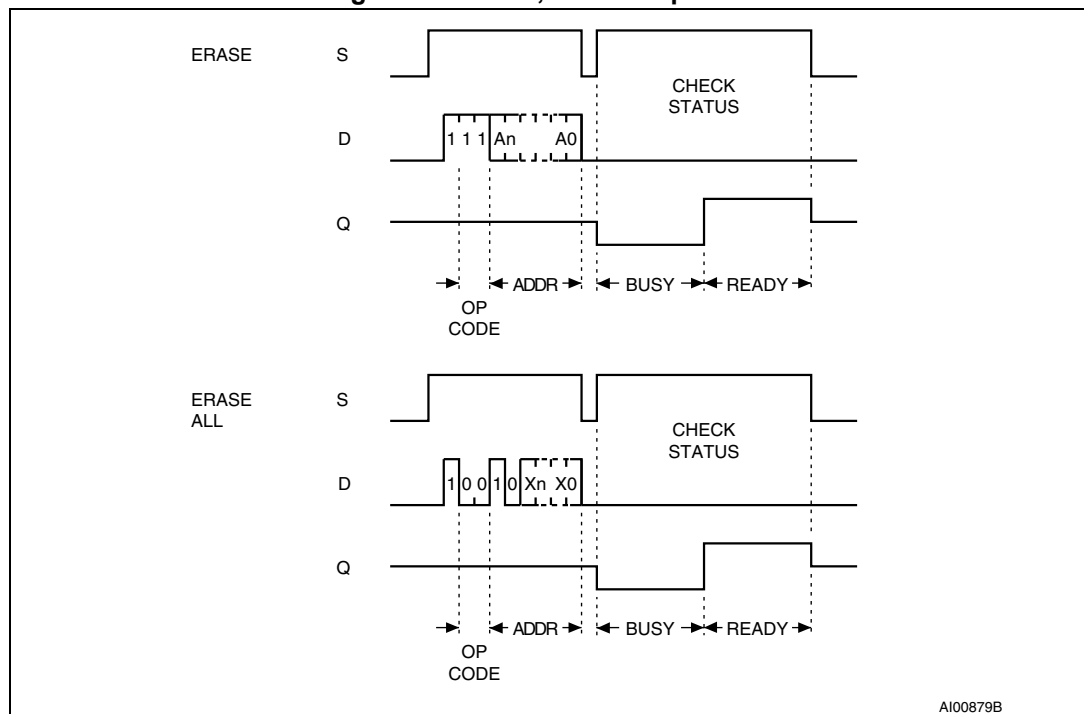


1. For the meanings of Xn and Dn, please see [Table 4](#), [Table 5](#) and [Table 6](#).

5.2.4 Erase Byte or Word

The Erase Byte or Word (ERASE) instruction sets the bits of the addressed memory byte (or word) to 1. Once the address has been correctly decoded, the falling edge of the Chip Select Input (S) starts the self-timed Erase cycle. The completion of the cycle can be detected by monitoring the $\overline{\text{READY}}/\text{BUSY}$ line, as described in [Section 6: READY/BUSY status](#).

Figure 6. ERASE, ERAL sequences



1. For the meanings of An and Xn, please see [Table 4](#), [Table 5](#) and [Table 6](#).

5.2.5 Erase All

The Erase All Memory (ERAL) instruction erases the whole memory (all memory bits are set to 1). The format of the instruction requires that a dummy address be provided. The Erase cycle is conducted in the same way as the Erase instruction (ERASE). The completion of the cycle can be detected by monitoring the $\overline{\text{READY}}/\text{BUSY}$ line, as described in [Section 6: READY/BUSY status](#).

6 **READY/BUSY status**

While the Write or Erase cycle is underway, for a WRITE, ERASE, WRAL or ERAL instruction, the Busy signal (Q=0) is returned whenever Chip Select input (S) is driven high. (Please note, though, that there is an initial delay, of t_{SLSH} , before this status information becomes available). In this state, the M93Cx6 ignores any data on the bus. When the Write cycle is completed, and Chip Select Input (S) is driven high, the Ready signal (Q=1) indicates that the M93Cx6 is ready to receive the next instruction. Serial Data Output (Q) remains set to 1 until the Chip Select Input (S) is brought low or until a new start bit is decoded.

7 **Initial delivery state**

The device is delivered with all bits in the memory array set to 1 (each byte contains FFh).

8 Clock pulse counter

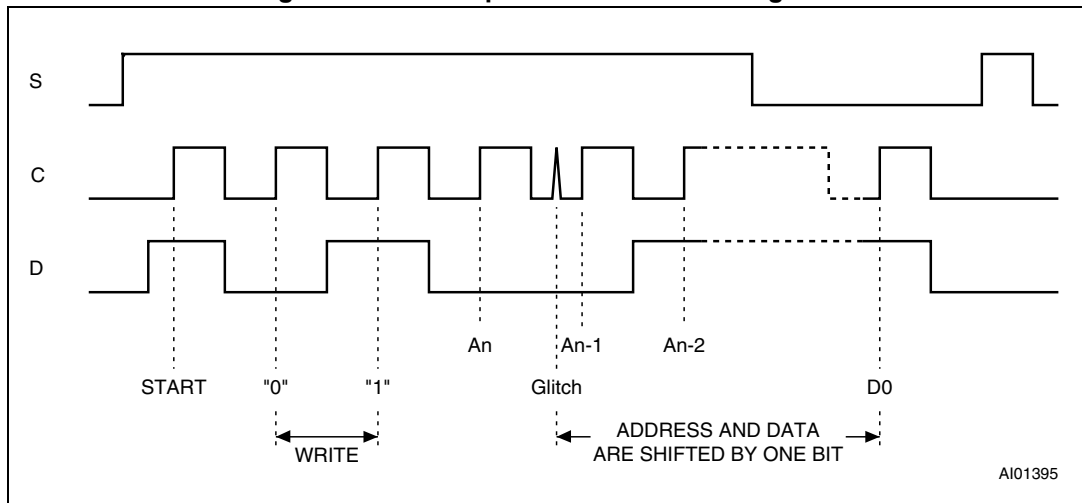
In a noisy environment, the number of pulses received on Serial Clock (C) may be greater than the number delivered by the master (the microcontroller). This can lead to a misalignment of the instruction of one or more bits (as shown in [Figure 7](#)) and may lead to the writing of erroneous data at an erroneous address.

To avoid this problem, the M93Cx6 has an on-chip counter that counts the clock pulses from the start bit until the falling edge of the Chip Select Input (S). If the number of clock pulses received is not the number expected, the WRITE, ERASE, ERAL or WRAL instruction is aborted, and the contents of the memory are not modified.

The number of clock cycles expected for each instruction, and for each member of the M93Cx6 family, are summarized in [Table 4: Instruction set for the M93C46](#) to [Table 6: Instruction set for the M93C76 and M93C86](#). For example, a Write Data to Memory (WRITE) instruction on the M93C56 (or M93C66) expects 20 clock cycles (for the x8 organization) from the start bit to the falling edge of Chip Select Input (S). That is:

- 1 Start bit
- + 2 Op-code bits
- + 9 Address bits
- + 8 Data bits

Figure 7. Write sequence with one clock glitch



9 Maximum rating

Stressing the device outside the ratings listed in the Absolute maximum ratings table may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and operation of the device at these, or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operating sections of this specification, is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 7. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Ambient operating temperature	-40	130	°C
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C
T _{LEAD}	Lead temperature during soldering	PDIP	260 ⁽¹⁾	
		other packages	See note ⁽²⁾	°C
V _{OUT}	Output range (Q = V _{OH} or Hi-Z)	-0.50	V _{CC} +0.5	V
V _{IN}	Input range	-0.50	V _{CC} +1	V
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	-0.50	6.5	V
V _{ESD}	Electrostatic discharge voltage (human body model) ⁽³⁾		4000	V

1. T_{LEAD} max must *not* be applied for more than 10 s.
2. Compliant with JEDEC Std J-STD-020D (for small body, Sn-Pb or Pb-free assembly), the ST ECOPACK® 7191395 specification, and the European directive on Restrictions of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) 2011/65/EU.
3. Positive and negative pulses applied on pin pairs, according to the AEC-Q100-002 (compliant with JEDEC Std JESD22-A114, C1 = 100pF, R1 = 1500Ω, R2 = 500Ω).

10 DC and AC parameters

This section summarizes the operating and measurement conditions, and the dc and ac characteristics of the device. The parameters in the dc and ac characteristic tables that follow are derived from tests performed under the measurement conditions summarized in the relevant tables. Designers should check that the operating conditions in their circuit match the measurement conditions when relying on the quoted parameters.

Table 8. Operating conditions (M93Cx6)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	4.5	5.5	V
T_A	Ambient operating temperature	-40	85	°C

Table 9. Operating conditions (M93Cx6-W)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	2.5	5.5	V
T_A	Ambient operating temperature	-40	85	°C

Table 10. Operating conditions (M93Cx6-R)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	1.8	5.5	V
T_A	Ambient operating temperature	-40	85	°C

Table 11. AC measurement conditions (M93Cx6)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
C_L	Load capacitance	100		pF
	Input rise and fall times		50	ns
	Input voltage levels	0.4 V to 2.4 V		V
	Input timing reference voltages	1.0 V and 2.0 V		V
	Output timing reference voltages	0.8 V and 2.0 V		V

Table 12. AC measurement conditions (M93Cx6-W and M93Cx6-R)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
C_L	Load capacitance	100		pF
	Input rise and fall times		50	ns
	Input voltage levels	0.2 V_{CC} to 0.8 V_{CC}		V
	Input timing reference voltages	0.3 V_{CC} to 0.7 V_{CC}		V
	Output timing reference voltages	0.3 V_{CC} to 0.7 V_{CC}		V

Figure 8. AC testing input output waveforms

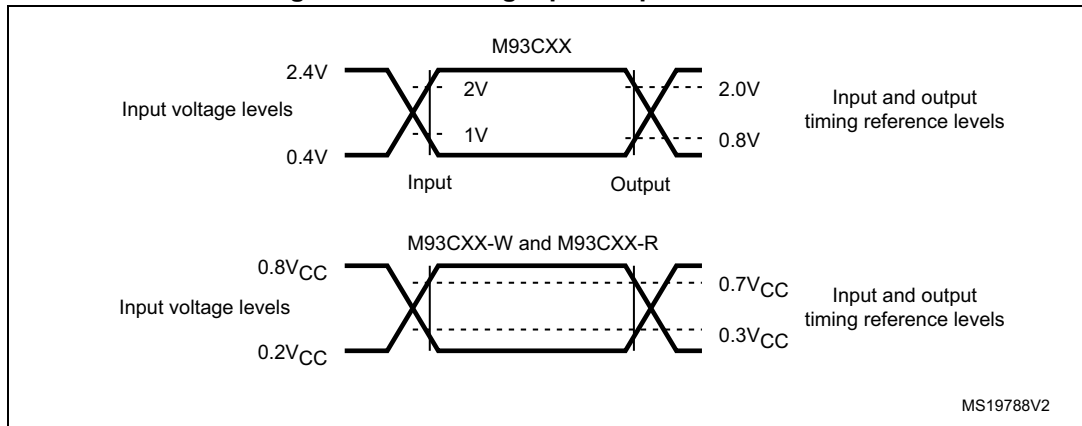


Table 13. Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition ⁽¹⁾	Min	Max	Unit
C _{OUT}	Output capacitance	V _{OUT} = 0V		5	pF
C _{IN}	Input capacitance	V _{IN} = 0V		5	pF

1. Sampled only, not 100% tested, at T_A = 25 °C and a frequency of 1 MHz.

Table 14. DC characteristics (M93Cx6, device grade 6)

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
I _{LI}	Input leakage current	0V ≤ V _{IN} ≤ V _{CC}		±2.5	µA
I _{LO}	Output leakage current	0V ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ V _{CC} , Q in Hi-Z		±2.5	µA
I _{CC}	Supply current	V _{CC} = 5 V, S = V _{IH} , f = 2 MHz, Q = open		2	mA
I _{CC1}	Supply current (Standby)	V _{CC} = 5 V, S = V _{SS} , C = V _{SS} , ORG = V _{SS} or V _{CC} , pin7 = V _{CC} , V _{SS} or Hi-Z		15	µA
V _{IL} ⁽¹⁾	Input low voltage	V _{CC} = 5 V ± 10%	-0.45	0.8	V
V _{IH} ⁽¹⁾	Input high voltage	V _{CC} = 5 V ± 10%	2	V _{CC} + 1	V
V _{OL} ⁽¹⁾	Output low voltage	V _{CC} = 5 V, I _{OL} = 2.1 mA		0.4	V
V _{OH} ⁽¹⁾	Output high voltage	V _{CC} = 5 V, I _{OH} = -400 µA	0.8V _{CC}		V

1. Please note that the input and output levels defined in this table are compatible with TTL logic levels and are NOT fully compatible with CMOS levels (as defined in [Table 15](#)).

Table 15. DC characteristics (M93Cx6-W, device grade 6)

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
I_{LI}	Input leakage current	$0V \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}$		± 2.5	μA
I_{LO}	Output leakage current	$0V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC}$, Q in Hi-Z		± 2.5	μA
I_{CC}	Supply current (CMOS inputs)	$V_{CC} = 5V$, $S = V_{IH}$, $f = 2\text{ MHz}$, Q = open		2	mA
		$V_{CC} = 2.5V$, $S = V_{IH}$, $f = 2\text{ MHz}$, Q = open		1	mA
I_{CC1}	Supply current (Standby)	$V_{CC} = 2.5V$, $S = V_{SS}$, $C = V_{SS}$, ORG = V_{SS} or V_{CC} , pin7 = V_{CC} , V_{SS} or Hi-Z		5	μA
V_{IL}	Input low voltage (D, C, S)		-0.45	$0.2 V_{CC}$	V
V_{IH}	Input high voltage (D, C, S)		$0.7 V_{CC}$	$V_{CC} + 1$	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage (Q)	$V_{CC} = 5V$, $I_{OL} = 2.1\text{ mA}$		0.4	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.5V$, $I_{OL} = 100\text{ }\mu A$		0.2	V
V_{OH}	Output high voltage (Q)	$V_{CC} = 5V$, $I_{OH} = -400\text{ }\mu A$	$0.8 V_{CC}$		V
		$V_{CC} = 2.5V$, $I_{OH} = -100\text{ }\mu A$	$V_{CC} - 0.2$		V

Table 16. DC characteristics (M93Cx6-R)

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	Min. ⁽¹⁾	Max. ⁽¹⁾	Unit
I_{LI}	Input leakage current	$0V \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}$		± 2.5	μA
I_{LO}	Output leakage current	$0V \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC}$, Q in Hi-Z		± 2.5	μA
I_{CC}	Supply current (CMOS inputs)	$V_{CC} = 5V$, $S = V_{IH}$, $f = 2\text{ MHz}$, Q = open		2	mA
		$V_{CC} = 1.8V$, $S = V_{IH}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, Q = open		1	mA
I_{CC1}	Supply current (Standby)	$V_{CC} = 1.8V$, $S = V_{SS}$, $C = V_{SS}$, ORG = V_{SS} or V_{CC} , pin7 = V_{CC} , V_{SS} or Hi-Z		2	μA
V_{IL}	Input low voltage (D, C, S)		-0.45	$0.2 V_{CC}$	V
V_{IH}	Input high voltage (D, C, S)		$0.8 V_{CC}$	$V_{CC} + 1$	V
V_{OL}	Output low voltage (Q)	$V_{CC} = 1.8V$, $I_{OL} = 100\text{ }\mu A$		0.2	V
V_{OH}	Output high voltage (Q)	$V_{CC} = 1.8V$, $I_{OH} = -100\text{ }\mu A$	$V_{CC} - 0.2$		V

1. This product is under development. For more information, please contact your nearest ST sales office.

Table 17. AC characteristics (M93Cx6, device grade 6)

Test conditions specified in Table 8 and Table 11					
Symbol	Alt.	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
f_C	f_{SK}	Clock frequency	D.C.	2	MHz
t_{SLCH}		Chip Select low to Clock high	50		ns
t_{SHCH}	t_{CSS}	Chip Select setup time M93C46, M93C56, M93C66	50		ns
		Chip Select setup time M93C76, M93C86	50		ns
$t_{SLSH}^{(1)}$	t_{CS}	Chip Select low to Chip Select high	200		ns
$t_{CHCL}^{(2)}$	t_{SKH}	Clock high time	200		ns
$t_{CLCH}^{(2)}$	t_{SKL}	Clock low time	200		ns
t_{DVCH}	t_{DIS}	Data in setup time	50		ns
t_{CHDX}	t_{DIH}	Data in hold time	50		ns
t_{CLSH}	t_{SKS}	Clock setup time (relative to S)	50		ns
t_{CLSL}	t_{CSH}	Chip Select hold time	0		ns
t_{SHQV}	t_{SV}	Chip Select to READY/ $\overline{\text{BUSY}}$ status		200	ns
t_{SLQZ}	t_{DF}	Chip Select low to output Hi-Z		100	ns
t_{CHQL}	t_{PD0}	Delay to output low		200	ns
t_{CHQV}	t_{PD1}	Delay to output valid		200	ns
t_W	t_{WP}	Erase or Write cycle time		5	ms

1. Chip Select Input (S) must be brought low for a minimum of t_{SLSH} between consecutive instruction cycles.
2. $t_{CHCL} + t_{CLCH} \geq 1 / f_C$.

Table 18. AC characteristics (M93Cx6-W, device grade 6)

Test conditions specified in Table 9 and Table 12					
Symbol	Alt.	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
f_C	f_{SK}	Clock frequency	D.C.	2	MHz
t_{SLCH}		Chip Select low to Clock high	50		ns
t_{SHCH}	t_{CSS}	Chip Select setup time	50		ns
$t_{SLSH}^{(1)}$	t_{CS}	Chip Select low to Chip Select high	200		ns
$t_{CHCL}^{(2)}$	t_{SKH}	Clock high time	200		ns
$t_{CLCH}^{(2)}$	t_{SKL}	Clock low time	200		ns
t_{DVCH}	t_{DIS}	Data in setup time	50		ns
t_{CHDX}	t_{DIH}	Data in hold time	50		ns
t_{CLSH}	t_{SKS}	Clock setup time (relative to S)	50		ns
t_{CLSL}	t_{CSH}	Chip Select hold time	0		ns
t_{SHQV}	t_{SV}	Chip Select to READY/ $\overline{\text{BUSY}}$ status		200	ns
t_{SLQZ}	t_{DF}	Chip Select low to output Hi-Z		100	ns
t_{CHQL}	t_{PD0}	Delay to output low		200	ns
t_{CHQV}	t_{PD1}	Delay to output valid		200	ns
t_W	t_{WP}	Erase or Write cycle time		5	ms

1. Chip Select Input (S) must be brought low for a minimum of t_{SLSH} between consecutive instruction cycles.
2. $t_{CHCL} + t_{CLCH} \geq 1 / f_C$.

Table 19. AC characteristics (M93Cx6-R)

Test conditions specified in Table 10 and Table 12					
Symbol	Alt.	Parameter	Min. ⁽¹⁾	Max. ⁽¹⁾	Unit
f _C	f _{SK}	Clock frequency	D.C.	1	MHz
t _{SLCH}		Chip Select low to Clock high	250		ns
t _{SHCH}	t _{CSS}	Chip Select setup time	50		ns
t _{SLSH} ⁽²⁾	t _{CS}	Chip Select low to Chip Select high	250		ns
t _{CHCL} ⁽³⁾	t _{SKH}	Clock high time	250		ns
t _{CLCH} ⁽³⁾	t _{SKL}	Clock low time	250		ns
t _{DVCH}	t _{DIS}	Data in setup time	100		ns
t _{CHDX}	t _{DIH}	Data in hold time	100		ns
t _{CLSH}	t _{SKS}	Clock setup time (relative to S)	100		ns
t _{CLSL}	t _{CSH}	Chip Select hold time	0		ns
t _{SHQV}	t _{SV}	Chip Select to READY/BUSY status		400	ns
t _{SLQZ}	t _{DF}	Chip Select low to output Hi-Z		200	ns
t _{CHQL}	t _{PD0}	Delay to output low		400	ns
t _{CHQV}	t _{PD1}	Delay to output valid		400	ns
t _W	t _{WP}	Erase or Write cycle time		10	ms

1. This product is under development. For more information, please contact your nearest ST sales office.
2. Chip Select Input (S) must be brought low for a minimum of t_{SLSH} between consecutive instruction cycles.
3. t_{CHCL} + t_{CLCH} ≥ 1 / f_C.

Figure 9. Synchronous timing (start and op-code input)

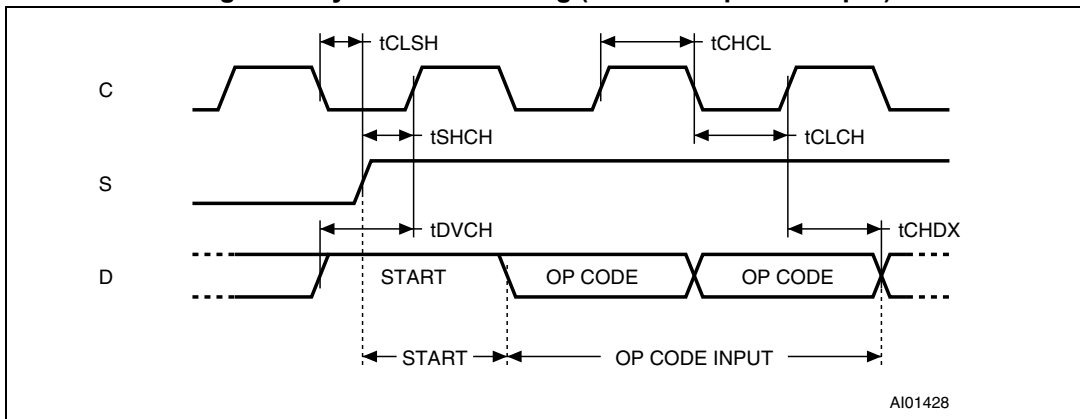


Figure 10. Synchronous timing (Read or Write)

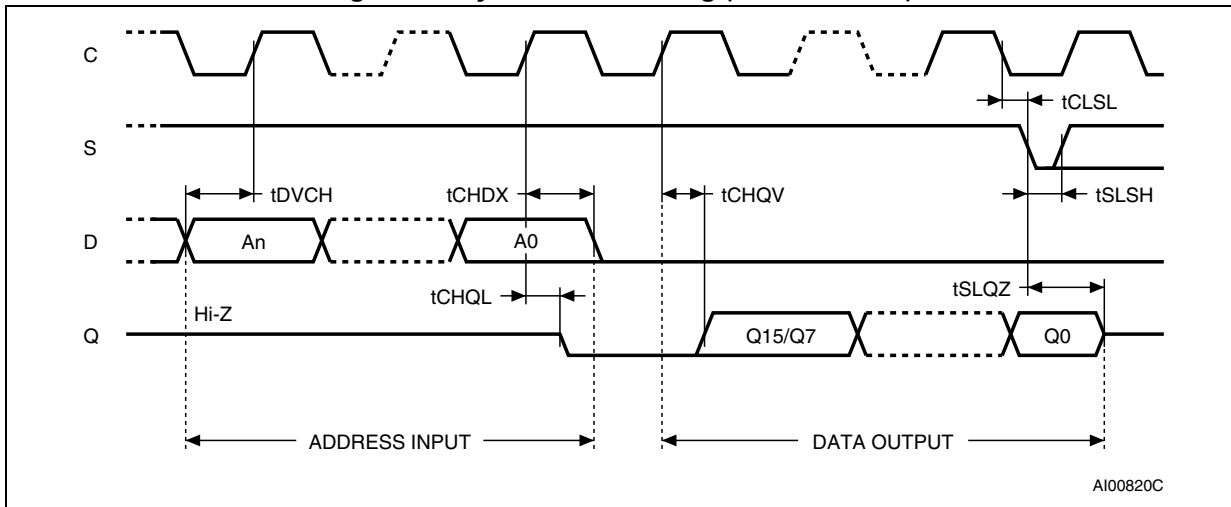
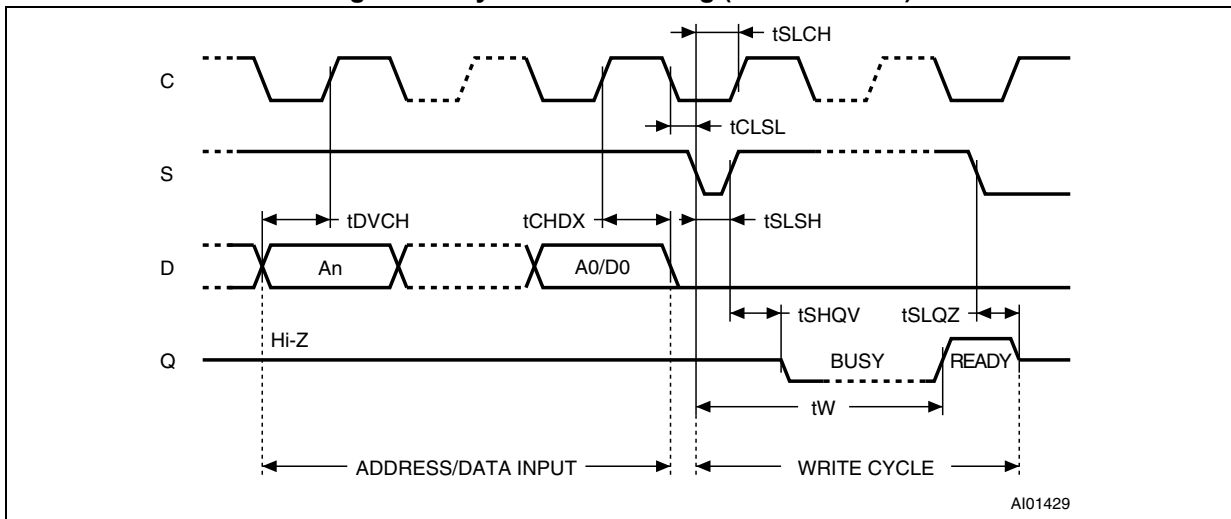


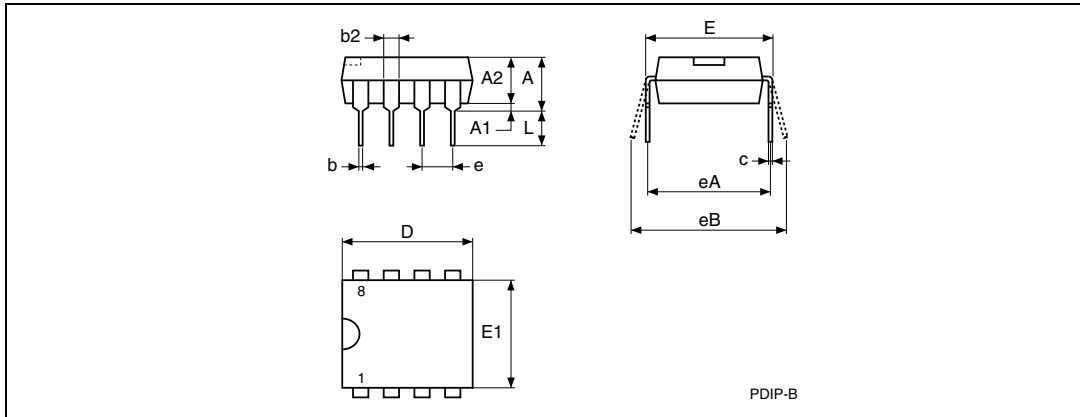
Figure 11. Synchronous timing (Read or Write)



11 Package mechanical data

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK® is an ST trademark .

Figure 12. PDIP8 – 8 lead plastic dual in-line package, 300 mils body width, package outline



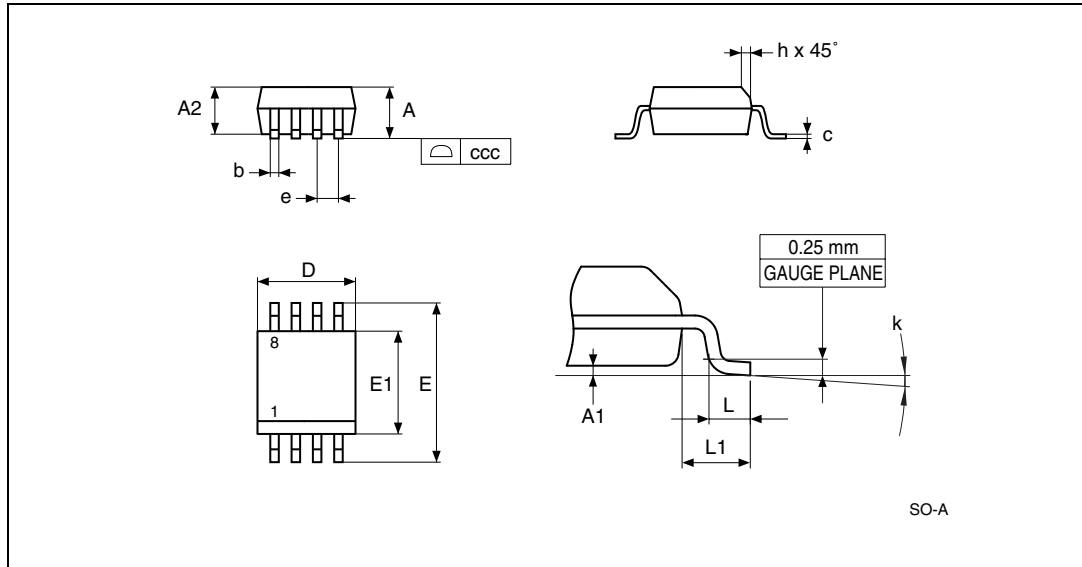
1. Drawing is not to scale.

Table 20. PDIP8 – 8 lead plastic dual in-line package, 300 mils body width, package mechanical data

Symbol	millimeters			inches ⁽¹⁾		
	Typ.	Min.	Max.	Typ.	Min.	Max.
A	-	-	5.33	-	-	0.2098
A1	-	0.38	-	-	0.015	-
A2	3.3	2.92	4.95	0.1299	0.115	0.1949
b	0.46	0.36	0.56	0.0181	0.0142	0.022
b2	1.52	1.14	1.78	0.0598	0.0449	0.0701
c	0.25	0.2	0.36	0.0098	0.0079	0.0142
D	9.27	9.02	10.16	0.365	0.3551	0.4
E	7.87	7.62	8.26	0.3098	0.3	0.3252
E1	6.35	6.1	7.11	0.25	0.2402	0.2799
e	2.54	-	-	0.1	-	-
eA	7.62	-	-	0.3	-	-
eB	-	-	10.92	-	-	0.4299
L	3.3	2.92	3.81	0.1299	0.115	0.15

1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.

Figure 13. SO8 narrow – 8 lead plastic small outline, 150 mils body width, package outline



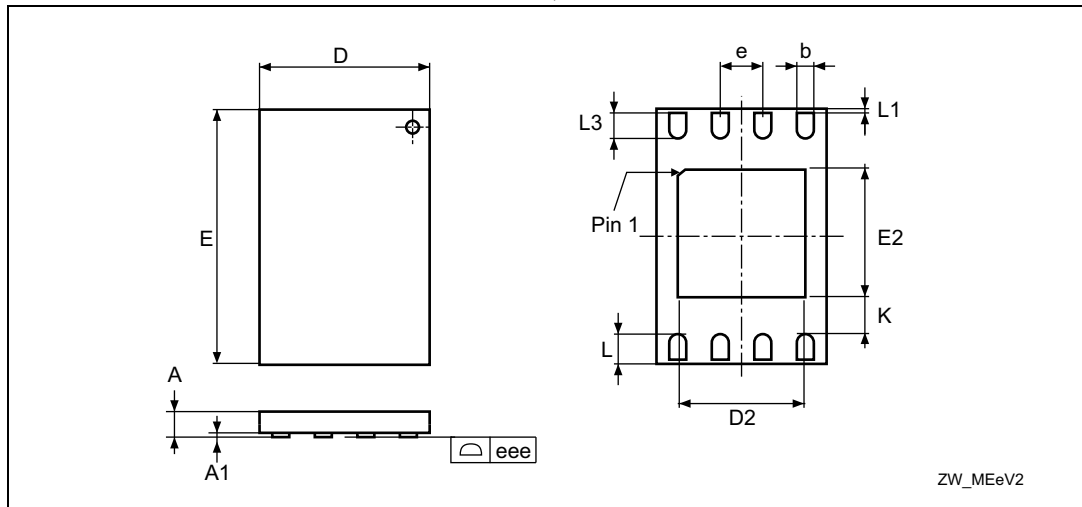
1. Drawing is not to scale.

Table 21. SO8 narrow – 8 lead plastic small outline, 150 mils body width, package data

Symbol	millimeters			inches ⁽¹⁾		
	Typ	Min	Max	Typ	Min	Max
A	-	-	1.75	-	-	0.0689
A1	-	0.1	0.25	-	0.0039	0.0098
A2	-	1.25	-	-	0.0492	-
b	-	0.28	0.48	-	0.011	0.0189
c	-	0.17	0.23	-	0.0067	0.0091
ccc	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.0039
D	4.9	4.8	5	0.1929	0.189	0.1969
E	6	5.8	6.2	0.2362	0.2283	0.2441
E1	3.9	3.8	4	0.1535	0.1496	0.1575
e	1.27	-	-	0.05	-	-
h	-	0.25	0.5	-	0.0098	0.0197
k	-	0°	8°	-	0°	8°
L	-	0.4	1.27	-	0.0157	0.05
L1	1.04	-	-	0.0409	-	-

1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.

**Figure 14. UDFPN8 8-lead ultra thin fine pitch dual flat package no lead
2 x 3 mm, outline**



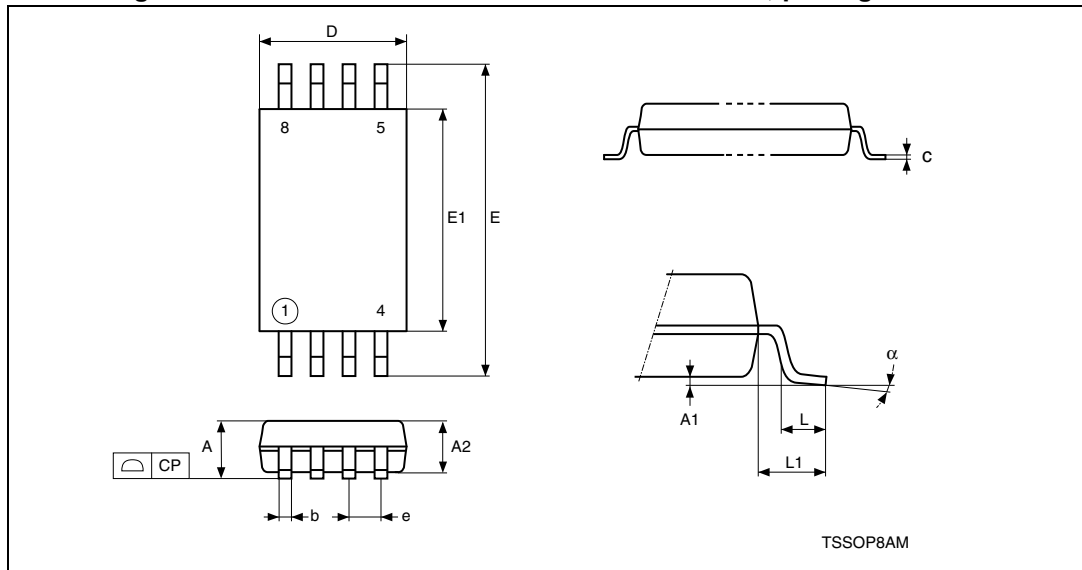
1. Drawing is not to scale.
2. The central pad (area E2 by D2 in the above illustration) is pulled, internally, to V_{SS} . It must not be allowed to be connected to any other voltage or signal line on the PCB, for example during the soldering process.
3. The circle in the top view of the package indicates the position of pin 1.

**Table 22. UDFPN8 8-lead ultra thin fine pitch dual flat package no lead
2 x 3 mm, data**

Symbol	millimeters			inches ⁽¹⁾		
	Typ	Min	Max	Typ	Min	Max
A	0.550	0.450	0.600	0.0217	0.0177	0.0236
A1	0.020	0.000	0.050	0.0008	0.0000	0.0020
b	0.250	0.200	0.300	0.0098	0.0079	0.0118
D	2.000	1.900	2.100	0.0787	0.0748	0.0827
D2 (rev MC)	-	1.200	1.600	-	0.0472	0.0630
E	3.000	2.900	3.100	0.1181	0.1142	0.1220
E2 (rev MC)	-	1.200	1.600	-	0.0472	0.0630
e	0.500	-	-	0.0197	-	-
K (rev MC)	-	0.300	-	-	0.0118	-
L	-	0.300	0.500	-	0.0118	0.0197
L1	-	-	0.150	-	-	0.0059
L3	-	0.300	-	-	0.0118	-
eee ⁽²⁾	-	0.080	-	-	0.0031	-

1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to four decimal digits.
2. Applied for exposed die paddle and terminals. Exclude embedding part of exposed die paddle from measuring.

Figure 15. TSSOP8 – 8 lead thin shrink small outline, package outline



1. Drawing is not to scale.

Table 23. TSSOP8 – 8 lead thin shrink small outline, package mechanical data

Symbol	millimeters			inches ⁽¹⁾		
	Typ.	Min.	Max.	Typ.	Min.	Max.
A	-	-	1.2	-	-	0.0472
A1	-	0.05	0.15	-	0.002	0.0059
A2	1	0.8	1.05	0.0394	0.0315	0.0413
b	-	0.19	0.3	-	0.0075	0.0118
c	-	0.09	0.2	-	0.0035	0.0079
CP	-	-	0.1	-	-	0.0039
D	3	2.9	3.1	0.1181	0.1142	0.122
e	0.65	-	-	0.0256	-	-
E	6.4	6.2	6.6	0.252	0.2441	0.2598
E1	4.4	4.3	4.5	0.1732	0.1693	0.1772
L	0.6	0.45	0.75	0.0236	0.0177	0.0295
L1	1	-	-	0.0394	-	-
α	-	0°	8°	-	0°	8°
N (pin number)	8			8		

1. Values in inches are converted from mm and rounded to 4 decimal digits.

12 Part numbering

Table 24. Ordering information scheme

Example:	M93C86	-	W	MN	6	T	P
Device type M93 = MICROWIRE serial EEPROM							
Device function 86 = 16 Kbit (2048 x 8) 76 = 8 Kbit (1024 x 8) 66 = 4 Kbit (512 x 8) 56 = 2 Kbit (256 x 8) 46 = 1 Kbit (128 x 8)							
Operating voltage blank = V _{CC} = 4.5 to 5.5 V W = V _{CC} = 2.5 to 5.5 V R = V _{CC} = 1.8 to 5.5 V							
Package BN = PDIP8 MN = SO8 (150 mils width) MC = UDFPN8 2 x 3 mm (MLP8) DW = TSSOP8 (169 mils width)							
Device grade 6 = Industrial temperature range, -40 to 85 °C. Device tested with standard test flow							
Packing blank = standard packing T = tape and reel packing							
Plating technology P or G = ECOPACK® (RoHS compliant)							

For a list of available options (speed, package, etc.) or for further information on any aspect of this device, please contact your nearest ST sales office.

13 Revision history

Table 25. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
01-Apr-2010	9	Modified footnote in Table 14 and Table 15 on page 23 Updated Figure 14: UFDFPN8 (MLP8) 8-lead ultra thin fine pitch dual flat package no lead 2 x 3 mm, outline and Table 22: UFDFPN8 (MLP8) 8-lead ultra thin fine pitch dual flat package no lead 2 x 3 mm, data
29-Apr-2010	10	Updated Figure 31: Available M93C66-x products (package, voltage range, temperature grade) UFDFPN option.
12-Apr-2011	11	Updated Table 7: Absolute maximum ratings , MLP8 package data in Section 12: Package mechanical data and process data in Section 9: Clock pulse counter . Deleted Table 29: Available M93C46-x products (package, voltage range, temperature grade) , Table 30: Available M93C56-x products (package, voltage range, temperature grade) , Table 31: Available M93C66-x products (package, voltage range, temperature grade) , Table 32: Available M93C76-x products (package, voltage range, temperature grade) and Table 33: Available M93C86-x products (package, voltage range, temperature grade) .
05-Oct-2011	12	Updated Table 1: Device summary and Table 8: Operating conditions (M93Cx6) . Modified footnote 2 in Table 7 .
23-Apr-2013	13	Document reformatted. Updated: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Part number names – Table 1: Device summary and package figure on cover page – Section 1: Description – Introductory paragraph in Section 9: Maximum rating – Note ⁽²⁾ under Table 7: Absolute maximum ratings – Table 8: Operating conditions (M93Cx6) and Table 9: Operating conditions (M93Cx6-W) – Introductory paragraph in Section 11: Package mechanical data – Figure 14: UFDFPN8 8-lead ultra thin fine pitch dual flat package no lead 2 x 3 mm, outline and Table 22: UFDFPN8 8-lead ultra thin fine pitch dual flat package no lead 2 x 3 mm, data – Table 24: Ordering information scheme Renamed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Figure 2: 8-pin package connections (top view) – Table 17: AC characteristics (M93Cx6, device grade 6) Deleted: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Section: Common I/O operation – Table: DC characteristics (M93Cx6, device grade 3), Table: DC characteristics (M93Cx6-W, device grade 3), and Table: AC characteristics (M93Cx6-W, device grade 3)

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